

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450

	22313-1450
www.uspto.	

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/849,398	05/07/2001	Kazutoshi Yasunaga	P19926	1049	
7055	7590 10/06/2003		EXAMINER		
	M & BERNSTEIN, P.L.	C.	OPSASNICK, MICHAEL N		
RESTON, VA	D CLARKE PLACE A 20191		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
, · 		2655			
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2003	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1	/	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		09/849,398	YASUNAGA ET AL.		
Office Action Sum	mary E	Examiner	Art Unit		
	n l	Michael N. Opsasnick	2655		
The MAILING DATE of this Period for Reply	s communication appea	ers on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS C - Extensions of time may be available under after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing dat - If the period for reply specified above is les	COMMUNICATION. the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(ate of this communication. s than thirty (30) days, a reply will e maximum statutory period will a beriod for reply will, by statute, ca three months after the mailing da	a). In no event, however, may a re ithin the statutory minimum of thirty apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT use the application to become AB/	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1) Responsive to communic	cation(s) filed on 07 Ma	v 2001 .			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL .		action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in closed in accordance with	n condition for allowand	ce except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the merits is 0. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pend					
4a) Of the above claim(s)		from consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allow					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are reject					
7) Claim(s) is/are objective.					
8) Claim(s) are subject Application Papers	t to restriction and/or e	election requirement.			
9) The specification is objected	ed to by the Examiner				
10) The drawing(s) filed on	<u> </u>	d or b)□ objected to by th	ne Examiner.		
Applicant may not request t					
11) The proposed drawing corr					
If approved, corrected draw	ings are required in reply	to this Office action.			
12) The oath or declaration is o	objected to by the Exan	niner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 an	d 120				
13) Acknowledgment is made	of a claim for foreign p	oriority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□	None of:				
1. ☐ Certified copies of t	he priority documents h	nave been received.			
2.⊠ Certified copies of t	he priority documents h	nave been received in Ap	oplication No. <u>09/101,186</u> .		
	the International Bure	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	received in this National Stage received.		
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made o	of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application)		
a) The translation of the	• • •	· ·			
Attachment(s)		-			
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Information Disclosure Statement(s) (Information Disclosure Statement) 	ng Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) .		

Art Unit: 2655

DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ozawa (5826226).

As per claims 1, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"an excitation vector generator, comprising: an input vector providing system capable of providing an input vector comprising at least one pulse, each pulse having a predetermined position and a respective polarity" as excitation quantization circuit provides a plurality of pulses (abstract, col. 2 lines 29-40) having certain positions (col. 2 lines 55-60); and polarity (col. 12 lines 47-51);

"a fixed waveform storage system capable of storing one or more fixed waveforms" as codebook storage storing information for synthesis (col. 11 lines 1-30);

"a convolution system capable of convoluting said fixed waveforms with said input vector to output an excitation vector" as convolution calculation (col. 7 lines 4-22) utilizing the codebook (col. 7 lines 22-30).

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 09/849,398

Art Unit: 2655

"inputting both the input vector and the at least one fixed waveform to a generating device to produce a component utilized to generate an excitation vector" (and shifting system) as arranging according to amplitudes, pulses, and positions (col. 8 lines 40-55);

As per claim 2, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"wherein said convolution system spreads an energy distribution of said input vector based upon said at least one fixed waveform over a subframe" as spreading the input vector over the waveform (as in the convolution equation, col. 7 lines 5-18).

As per claim 3, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"convolution system performs linear convolution" as linear convolution (equation 9)

As per claim 4, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"wherein said input vector is provided from an algebraic codebook" as input vector from algebraic codebook (col. 6 lines 61-66);

As per claim 5, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"wherein said input vector is a vector having a plurality of non-zero samples" as input vector having amplitude of 1 (col. 12 lines 44-51).

As per claim 6, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

Application/Control Number: 09/849,398

Art Unit: 2655

"a plurality of fixed waveforms" as LSP storage codebook containing multiple LSP parameters (col. 5 lines 54-63) on the subframe.

As per claim 7, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"wherein said convolution system uses one of said plurality of fixed waveforms for each subframe" as LSP storage codebook containing multiple LSP parameters (col. 5 lines 54-63) on the subframe.

As per claims 8,16, Ozawa (5826226) teaches modifying the energy distribution (col. 7 lines 5-18).

As per claim 9, Ozawa (5826226) teaches "a method of providing an excitation vector used in the production of synthesized speech, said method comprising:

providing an input vector having an energy distribution, said input vector comprising at least on pulse, each pulse having a position and a polarity" as excitation quantization circuit provides a plurality of pulses (abstract, col. 2 lines 29-40) having certain positions (col. 2 lines 55-60); and polarity (col. 12 lines 47-51);

"storing at least one fixed waveform" as codebook storage storing information for synthesis (col. 11 lines 1-30);

"convoluting said at least one fixed waveforms with said input vector" as convolution calculation (col. 7 lines 4-22) utilizing the codebook (col. 7 lines 22-30);

Art Unit: 2655

"outputting the convoluted input vector as an excitation vector" as output vector (col. 7 line 10).

As per claim 10, Ozawa (5826226) teaches "said input vector is a vector having a plurality of non-zero samples" as input vector having amplitude of 1 (col. 12 lines 44-51);

As per claim 11, Ozawa (5826226) teaches "wherein said input vector is provided from an algebraic codebook" as input vector from adaptive codebook (col. 6 lines 61-66).

As per claim 12, Ozawa (5826226) teaches modifying an energy distribution of the input vector (as spreading the input vector over the waveform (as in the convolution equation, col. 7 lines 5-18)).

As per claim 13, <u>Ozawa (5826226)</u> teaches a system for providing an excitation vector used in the production of synthesized speech (as speech coding apparatus, col. 1 lines 7-11) comprising:

"an input vector comprising at least one pulse, each pulse having a position and a polarity" as excitation quantization circuit provides a plurality of pulses (abstract, col. 2 lines 29-40) having certain positions (col. 2 lines 55-60); and polarity (col. 12 lines 47-51);

"at least one fixed waveforms" as codebook storage storing information for synthesis (col. 11 lines 1-30);

Application/Control Number: 09/849,398 Page 5

Art Unit: 2655

"a convolution system that is capable of convoluting said fixed waveform with said input vector" as convolution calculation (col. 7 lines 4-22) utilizing the codebook (col. 7 lines 22-30);

"an output system that is capable of outputting the convoluted input vector as an excitation vector" as output vector representing the excitation vector (col. 7 line 10).

As per claim 14, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"wherein said input vector is a vector having a plurality of non-zero samples" as input vector having amplitude of 1 (col. 12 lines 44-51).

As per claim 15, Ozawa (5826226) teaches:

"wherein said convolution system spreads an energy distribution of said input vector" as spreading the input vector over the waveform (as in the convolution equation, col. 7 lines 5-18).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/849,398 Page 6

Art Unit: 2655

4. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Ozawa</u> (5826226) in view of <u>Tzeng (5293449)</u>.

As per claims 17,19, Ozawa (5826226) teaches a method and system of providing an excitation vector used in the production of synthesized speech (as speech coding apparatus, col. 1 lines 7-11) comprising:

"at least one input vector, each comprising a plurality of pulses, each of said pulses having a position and a polarity" as excitation quantization circuit provides a plurality of pulses (abstract, col. 2 lines 29-40) having certain positions (col. 2 lines 55-60); and polarity (col. 12 lines 47-51);

"at least first sets of at least on fixed waveforms" as codebook storage storing information for synthesis (col. 11 lines 1-30);

"a convolution system wherein.....in a first position, an output of said excitation vector generator results from a convolution of said first set of at least one fixed waveform in accordance with the polarity and the position of said plurality of pulses of said at least one input vector, as convoluted by said convolution system" as convolution calculation (col. 7 lines 4-22) utilizing the codebook (col. 7 lines 22-30), according to polarity and pulse position (col. 2 lines 55-60); (col. 12 lines 47-51).

Ozawa (5826226) does not explicitly teach the claimed limitations of:

" a switch moveable to a plurality of positions, each position being responsive to one of a plurality of conditions", and "when said switch is in a second position, an output of said Application/Control Number: 09/849,398

Art Unit: 2655

excitation vector generator is based at least partially upon said second set of at least one fixed waveform" (Ozawa (5826226) teaches a single structure codebook, however, only one set of fixed waveforms), however, Tzeng (5293449) teaches a reference codebook structure that can switch (Fig.4, subblock 406) between an unvoiced codebook (Fig. 4, subblock 410) and voiced codebook (Fig. 4, subblock 408), and an excitation vector output from either codebook based upon the type of speech determined from a V/UV decision (col. 4 lines 45-63). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of speech coding/synthesis to modify the teachings of Ozawa (5826226) with a split codebook/codevector structure (as taught by Tzeng) because adapting a V/UV codebook structure/synthesis would provide a more efficient coding process and a improved speech quality (col. 3 lines 15-23).

As per claims 18 and 20, Ozawa (5826226) teaches modifying the energy distribution (col. 7 lines 5-18).

Page 7

Application/Control Number: 09/849,398

Art Unit: 2655

Conclusion

- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's 5. disclosure. Please see related art listed on the PTO-892 form.
- Any response to this action should be mailed to: 6.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231 or faxed to: (703) 872 9314, (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT") Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington. VA., Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Opsasnick, telephone number (703)305-4089, who is available Tuesday-Thursday, 9AM-4PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ms. Doris To, can be reached at (703)305-4827. The facsimile phone number for this group is (703)872-9314.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group 2600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4750, the 2600 Customer Service telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

mno 9/25/2003

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600